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Sample wiki page with R code and chart generated

```
R Code:
1. require(gvisMotion)
2. M <- gvisMotionChart(Fruits, "Fruit", "Year", options = list(width = 550,
   height = 450))
3. print(M, "chart()"
```

Simple syntax highlighted & preview

Note: Remember that this is only a preview, and has not yet been saved!

1. Text output

This code:

```
(R())1:10(R)
```

Produces:

```
[1] 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10
```
Escaping Wiki syntax

\[ \text{\_\_\_hello\_\_\_} \]

hello

•

Parsing Wiki Syntax

\[ \text{(R:wikisyntax=>!)}\text{\_\_\_hello\_\_\_)} \]

hello

•

Simple Interface: list runs/datasets

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>List raw datasets</th>
<th>Results</th>
<th>Edit dataset (if chosen)</th>
<th>Insert new dataset</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

**List raw datasets**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Summary</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>From user</th>
<th>Dataset file</th>
<th>Minimum value for axis X</th>
<th>Maximum value for axis X</th>
<th>Last Modif</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Sample dataset</td>
<td>This dataset was created as part of the sample data for r.test.</td>
<td>admin</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>2013-08-30 17:37</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>We are working on this dataset</td>
<td>This will soon be changed</td>
<td>admin</td>
<td>21</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>2012-05-11 16:57</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A really old dataset</td>
<td>This dataset is outdated.</td>
<td>admin</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>110</td>
<td>110</td>
<td>2012-05-11 16:57</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Simple interface: Results for one run/dataset

Results

Values for X:
- min: 1
- max: 10

Those are the results:

Results from 1*10: 10
No attachment to display in this raw dataset

Graph with xmin 1 & xmax 10 and y=x^2

Simple templates for custom output

Describe the change you made: :

Monitor this page: ☐
Flexible databases in Trackers to hold run parameters

Optional pop up helpers to edit plugin calls based on GUI

1. Basic images

```
RR Code:
1   if(require(Cairo)) {
2     install.packages()
3   }
```

```
R Code:
1   x <- seq(1:10)
2   y <- x^2
3   plot(x,y)
```
Nice word clouds from just a few lines of R code

Custom maps with GoogleVis

```r
G5 <- gvisGeoMap(CiudadPopular, locationvar="Ciudad", numvar="Popular", options=list(region="ES", height=350, dataMode="markers", colors=[0xFF8747, 0xFFB581, 0x006000]))

# plot(G5)
print(G5, "chart")
```

Spanish city popularity after UseR!2013 ;}
Embedded plot.ly charts
Fun with the Lognormal distribution

Embedded plot.ly charts: Heatmaps
Custom output for higher control on figure results (pdf)

```r
10 device.height = convertHeight(sum(["heights"])),"in", valueOnly=TRUE)
11 pdf("testr.pdf", height = device.height)
12 grid.draw(g)
13 invisible(dev.off())
```

Mobile display mode when needed

**bigger font size and buttons for human fingers in mobile devices**

rCharts

rCharts is an R package to create, customize and publish interactive javascript visualizations from R using a familiar lattice style plotting interface. It has been created by Ramnath Vaidyanathan. See more here: [http://rcharts.io/](http://rcharts.io/)

Below you will find a series of examples of nice charts using rcharts [http://rcharts.io](http://rcharts.io) and the corresponding javascript library used in each case.

Page contents:

- Introduction
- Examples
- Credits
- License
rCharts Interactive figures: NYT 512 Paths to White House

Obama has 106 ways to win
83% of paths

4 ties
3.1% of paths

Romney has 18 ways to win
14% of paths

rCharts: show data on hover & control vars. displayed

Toggle display of variables by clicking on them in legend
rCharts: Easy creation of georeferenced custom maps

```r
map3 <- Leaflet$new()
map3$setView(c(51.505, -0.09), zoom = 13)
map3$marker(c(51.5, -0.09), bindPopup = "Hi, I am a popup")
map3$marker(c(51.495, -0.063), bindPopup = "Hi, I am another popup")
map3$print("chart3")
map3$save("chart3.html")
```

rCharts: Interactive magnification of figure regions

```r
n2 <- nPlot(Sepal.Length ~ Sepal.Width, data = sepal, type = "scatterChart",
group = "Species")
n2$xAxis(axisLabel = "Sepal.Width") # add x axis label
n2$yAxis(axisLabel = "Sepal.Length")
#n2$print("nvd3Scatter")

n2$lib[2] <- "http://r.tiki.org/charts_libraries/nvd3"
n2$save("n2.html")
```
rCharts: Select time range on X and vars on Y

move slider ends on X axis to filter on new time frame and toggle variables clicking on legend

Clickme: Interactive filtering charts by point names

Show names (500)

Groups Show one
- A (168)
- B (165)
- C (167)
Clickme: highlight data points with partial filter match

![Graph showing data points with significance and fold-change values.]

Animation in time-based charts

![Map showing the violent crime rate in the United States from 1961 to 1970. The map uses color coding to represent different crime rates: green for low, orange for medium, and red for high.]
Ecoengine: distribution maps based on database records

Ecoengine: Photo viewer based on remote ecological data