Sample wiki page with R code and chart generated

```r
require(gvis)
M <- gvisMotionChart(Fruits, "Fruit", "Year", options = list(width = 550, height = 450))
print(M, "chart()")
```

Simple syntax highlighted & preview

Note: Remember that this is only a preview, and has not yet been saved!

1. Text output

This code:

```r
(1:10)(1:10)
```

Produces:

```
[1] 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10
```
Escaping Wiki syntax

\_\_\_hello\_\_\_

 Parsing Wiki Syntax

\{\{R(wikisyntax=>0)\}\}cat("\_\_\_hello\_\_\_\")\{/R\}

hello

 Simple Interface: list runs/datasets

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Summary</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>From user</th>
<th>Dataset file</th>
<th>Minimum value for axis X</th>
<th>Maximum value for axis X</th>
<th>LastModif</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Sample dataset</td>
<td>This dataset was created as part of the sample data for r_test.</td>
<td>admin</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>2013-08-30 17:37</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>We are working on this dataset</td>
<td>This will soon be changed</td>
<td>admin</td>
<td>21</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>2012-05-11 16:57</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A really old dataset</td>
<td>This dataset is outdated.</td>
<td>admin</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>110</td>
<td>110</td>
<td>2012-05-11 16:57</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Simple interface: Results for one run/dataset

Results

Values for X:
min: 1
max: 10

Those are the results:

Results from 1*10: 10
No attachment to display in this raw dataset

Graph with xmin 1 & xmax 10 and y=x^2

Simple templates for custom output
Flexible databases in Trackers to hold run parameters

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ID</th>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Type</th>
<th>List Title</th>
<th>Search</th>
<th>Public</th>
<th>Mandatory</th>
<th>Actions</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Summary</td>
<td>Text Field</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>✗</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Description</td>
<td>Text Area</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>✗</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>From user</td>
<td>User Select</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>✗</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Dataset file</td>
<td>Attachment</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>✗</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Minimum value for axis X</td>
<td>Text Field</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>✗</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>Maximum value for axis X</td>
<td>Text Field</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>✗</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Optional pop up helpers to edit plugin calls based on GUI

1. Basic image

```
R Code
1: if(require(Cairo)){
2:   install.packages
3: }

R Code
1: x<-r(1:10)
2: y <- x*x
3: plot(x,y)
```
Custom maps with GoogleVis

```r
G5 <- gvisGeoMap(CiudadPopular, locationvar="Ciudad", numvar="Popular", 
                 options=list(region="ES", height=350, 
                               dataMode="markers", 
                               colors=[0xFF5747, 0xFFB558, 0xFF0600])

# plot(G5)
print(G5, "chart")
```

*Spanish city popularity after UseR!2013 ;-)"
Embedded plot.ly charts
Fun with the Lognormal distribution

Embedded plot.ly charts: Heatmaps
Custom output for higher control on figure results (pdf)

```r
10  device.height = convertHeight(sum(g[["heights"]]), "in", valueOnly=TRUE)
11  pdf("testr.pdf", height = device.height)
12  grid.draw(g)
13  invisible(dev.off())
```

Mobile display mode when needed

bigger font size and buttons for human fingers in mobile devices

rCharts

rCharts is an R package to create, customize and publish interactive javascript visualizations from R using a familiar lattice style plotting interface. It has been created by Ramnath Vaidyanathan. See more here: [http://rcharts.io/](http://rcharts.io/)

Below you will find a series of examples of nice charts using rcharts [http://rcharts.io](http://rcharts.io) and the corresponding javascript library used in each case.

Page contents:

- Introduction
- Examples
- Credits
- License
Obama has 106 ways to win
83% of paths

Romney has 18 ways to win
14% of paths

rCharts: show data on hover & control vars. displayed

Toggle display of variables by clicking on them in legend
rCharts: Easy creation of georeferenced custom maps

```r
map3 <- leaflet()
m3setView(c(51.505, -0.09), zoom = 13)
m3marker(c(51.5, -0.09), bindPopup = "Hi, I am a popup")
m3marker(c(51.495, -0.083), bindPopup = "Hi, I am another popup")
map3$print("chart7")
map3$lib3("http://r.tiki.org/rcharts/libraries/leaflet")
map3$save("map3.html")
```

rCharts: Interactive magnification of figure regions

```r
n2 <- nPlot(Sepal.Length ~ Sepal.Width, data = sepal, type = "scatterChart",
group = "Species")
n2$xAxis(axisLabel = "Sepal.Width") # add x axis label
n2$yAxis(axisLabel = "Sepal.Length")
n2$print("nv3Scatter")
n2$lib3("http://r.tiki.org/rcharts/libraries/nv3"

n2$save("n2.html")
```
rCharts: Select time range on X and vars on Y

move slider ends on X axis to filter on new time frame and toggle variables clicking on legend

Clickme: Interactive filtering charts by point names

O Show names (500)

Groups Show one
- A (168)
- B (165)
- C (167)
Clickme: highlight data points with partial filter match

Animation in time-based charts
Ecoengine: distribution maps based on database records

Ecoengine: Photo viewer based on remote ecological data